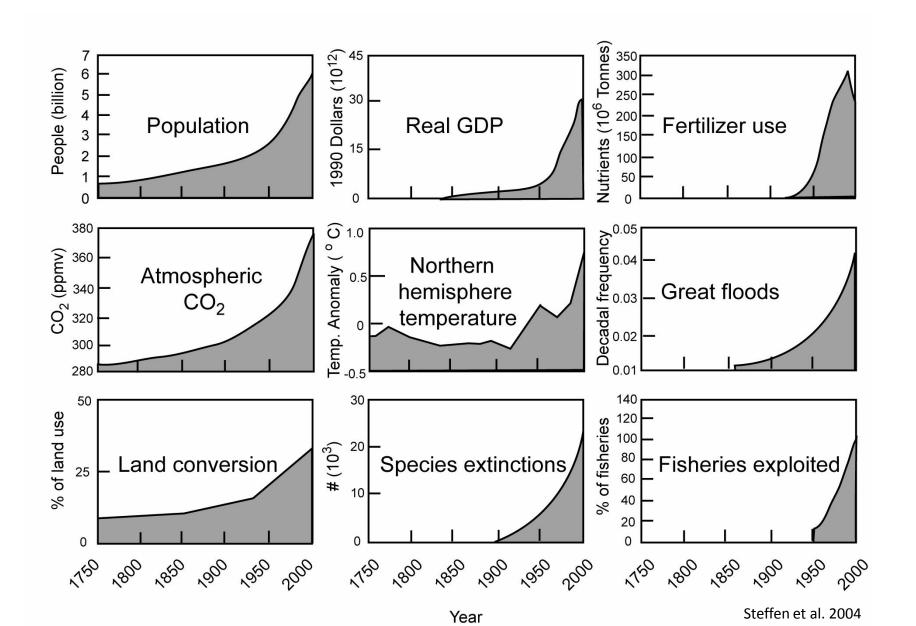
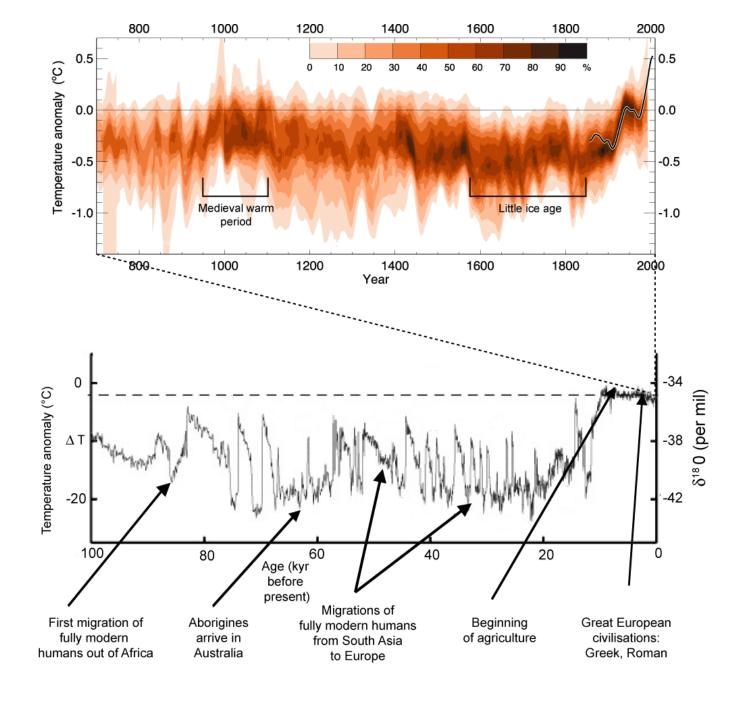
Shaping sustainable change: ESA's Earth Stewardship Initiative

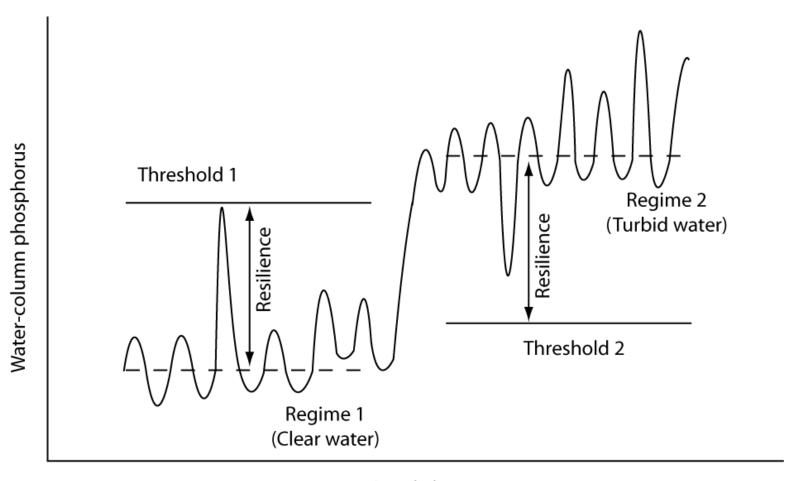
Cliff Duke Ecological Society of America

Terry Chapin
University of Alaska

Earth is experiencing directional changes in many drivers of social-ecological processes



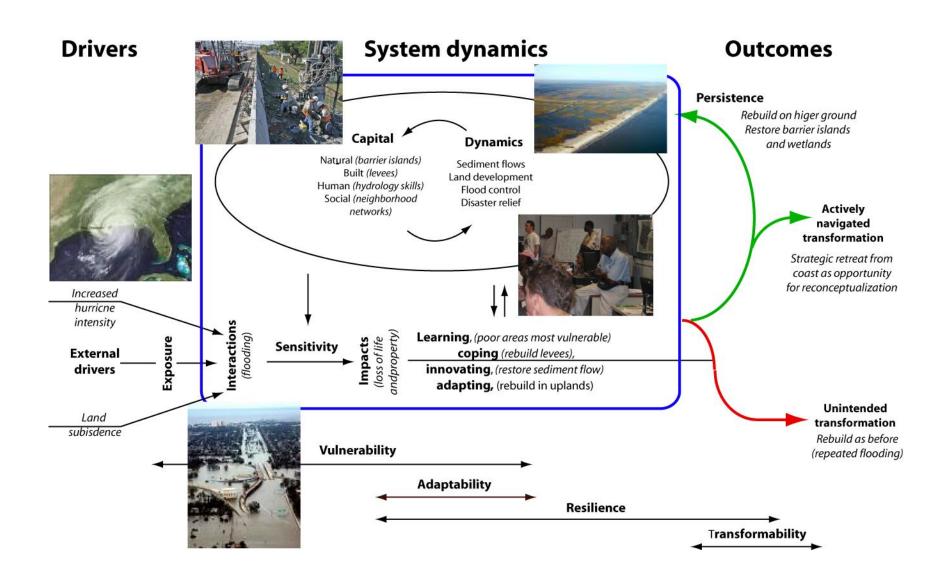




Time (yr)

Hurricane Katrina:

The interaction of vulnerability with low resilience



The Earth will transform

 Our choice is whether we deliberately shape a transformation to sustainability or let transformation happen to us



Implications for sustainability

- Most environmental planning assumes the future will be like the past
 - Conservation efforts
 - Disaster preparedness
- In this context, sustainability is a relatively straightforward concept
 - The reference state is well known
- BUT--How do we sustain systems in a directionally changing world?
 - Alaska is an excellent place to address that question because of rapid ecological and social change

From Sustainability to Stewardship

- Sustainability as a guiding principle
 - Maintain ecological integrity
 - Maintain or enhance human well-being for all
- Shape the future rather than reconstruct the past
 - Guided by goals of ecological integrity and human wellbeing

Earth Stewardship

The active shaping of trajectories of change in coupled social—ecological systems at local-to-global scales to enhance ecosystem resilience and promote human well-being

Key features

- Active intervention
 - Risky—best justified at local scales
- Shaping change
- System of people as part of nature
- Two goals: ecosystem resilience, human well-being
 - Not people or nature, but people with nature

Examples of key issues

- Sustainable transformation of cities
- Sustaining cultural and biological diversity
- Meeting food, water, and environmental needs
- Managing uncertainty and transformations
- Fostering environmental citizenship
 - social and environmental justice
- Effective communication of science to society
- Governance of global commons

Pragmatic strategy for Earth Stewardship

- Build the science
 - Engage strategic stakeholders
 - Not everyone, not just scientists
 - Design general principles for a sustainable Earth and transformation to get there
 - Refine in the context of specific issues and places
- Implement it
 - Catalyze sustainable behavior and management
 - Communicate science to inform and support a social movement

Engage strategic stakeholders

- Identify key stakeholder groups
 - Students (they have the passion; it's their world)
 - Communities of faith (already accept stewardship goals)
 - 50-75% of U.S. public (generally the more conservative segment)
 - Receptive to partnerships with scientists
 - Businesses: have power (and incentives) to be responsive
 - Practitioners and policy makers (can make things happen)
- Engage stakeholders
 - dialogue about their concerns (listen more)
 - Co-design the science and strategy in this context
 - Focus on solutions, not problems (positive messaging)
 - WE have been a major cause of public disengagement

Education and outreach

- Students are our most important resource
 - It's their world that is most at risk
 - They have the time, passion and energy to make a difference
 - Active involvement is good professional training
- Engaging local communities
 - Citizen engagement to define problems and solutions
 - Advising and participating in local actions

Accountability

- Define, incentivize and enforce accountability mechanisms
 - Identify incentives and disincentives for stewardship
 - Align incentives with stewardship goals
 - Devise rules consistent with future conditions
 - Design accountability mechanisms that promote stewardship behavior of all stakeholders
 - Implement graded sanctions that allow learning to occur

Principles to Enhance Earth Stewardship

Integrate in various combinations to foster stewardship, depending on social and political context:

- 1. Global problems require solutions at multiple scales.
- 2. Durable solutions must address interactions among multiple issues rather than focusing narrowly on a single sector or problem.
- 3. Aligning incentives with solutions motivates stewardship.
- 4. Decision-making that fosters stewardship must be compatible with both the ecology of the resources and the socioeconomic and cultural characteristics of associated human communities.
- 5. Sense of place, including local concern for aesthetic, cultural, and spiritual dimensions of ecosystems, is a valuable ecosystem service.
- 6. Some global changes, such as the demographic shift to cities, provide unprecedented stewardship challenges and opportunities.

Conclusions

- Relationship between society and the biosphere is on a bad trajectory
 - but there are promising signs of change
- Earth Stewardship provides guidelines for sustainability in times of rapid change
 - Engage strategic stakeholders
 - Develop design principles for a sustainable Earth
 - Provide science that supports a social movement
- The time to act is NOW!!



1990 M Street NW, Suite 700
Washington, DC 20036
www.esa.org/earthstewardship
(202) 833-8773
csduke@esa.org